Most important

delayed

necessary

symptoms/effects, acute and

Indication of immediate medical

attention and special treatment, if

			Page 1 of 4		
SECTION 1: PRODUCT A	AND COMPA	NY IDENTIFICATION			
PRODUCT IDENTIFIER	EPR				
CHEMICAL NAME	Emery Powder				
CHEMICAL FAMILY	Silica				
MATERIAL USE	Filter Aid	Filter Aid			
RESTRICTION ON USE	None Known				
DISTRIBUTOR	ProTech Profession	al Products, Inc.			
TELEPHONE NO.	(561)493-9818 (Mor	nday - Thursday 8:30 am EST - 5:00 pm E	ST, Friday 8:30 am-2:00 pm EST)		
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.	(800) 535-5053 Monday-Sunday 12:00am-12:pm				
SDS DATE OF PREPARATION	June 1, 2015				
SECTION 2: HAZARDS I	DENTIFICAT	ION			
OSHA GHS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION	Carcinogen Category 1A Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure Category 1				
HAZARDS NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED	None				
LABEL ELEMENTS	DANGER May cause cancer by inhalation. Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Wear eye protection. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice. Dispose of contents in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.				
		MATION ON INGREDIENTS			
INGREDIENT IDENTIFICATION		CONCENTRATION (%)	C.A.S. NUMBERS		
Emery Powder, Flux-Calcined (kieselguhr) (contains 35-50% Crystalline Silica - Cristobalite)		100%	68855-54-9 14464-46-1		
SECTION 4: FIRST AID	MEASURES				
EYE	Flush eyes with ge	nerous quantities of water or eye rinse solu	tion. Consult physician if irritation persists.		
SKIN	Use moisture renewing lotions if dryness occurs.				
INGESTION	Drink generous amounts of water to reduce bulk and drying effects.				
INHALATION	Remove to fresh ai	r. Blow nose to evacuate dust.			

Dust may cause abrasive irritation to eyes. Prolonged skin contact may cause dryness. Dust may cause nose, throat and upper respiratory tract irritation. Prolonged inhalation of respirable dust containing silica may cause a

progressive lung disease, silicosis and lung cancer. See Section 11 for additional information.

Immediate medical attention is not normally required. If dust irritates the eyes, seek medical attention.

MATERIAL NAME	Emery Po	wder			Page 2 of 4	
SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHT	ING ME	ASURES				
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA	Not applicable, the material is not combustible.					
SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE CHEMICAL	Not applicable, the material is not combustible.					
SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS	Not applica	Not applicable, the material is not combustible.				
SECTION 6: ACCIDENT	AL REL	EASE MEASUR	ES			
PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS		If dust is present, use respirator fitted with particulate filter as specified in Section 8. Protect eyes with goggles. Do not breathe dust.				
ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS	This mate	This material is not a significant environmental concern.				
METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP	Vacuum c	Vacuum clean spillage or wet sweep. Avoid creating airborne dust. Place in a container for use or disposal.				
SECTION 7: HANDLING	AND S	TORAGE				
PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING	Minimize dust generation. Avoid contact with eyes. Do not breathe dust. Repair or dispose of broken bags. Observe all label precautions and warnings.					
CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE	Store in a concentra	Store in a dry place to maintain packaging integrity and product quality. Do not store near hydrofluoric acid or concentrated caustic solutions.				
SECTION 8: EXPOSURI	E CONT	ROLS / PERSON	NAL PROTECT	TION		
EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:					,	
Component		OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	MSHA PEL	NIOSH REL	
Emery Powder, Flux-Calcined (kieselguhr)		5 mg/m³ respirable dust 15 mg/m³ total dust	None Established	5 mg/m³ respirable dust 15 mg/m³ total dust	None Established	
Crystalline Silica (Cristobalite)		1 x 30 mg/m³ 2 % SiO ₂ +2 total dust 1 x 10 mg/m³ 2 % SiO ₂ +2 Respirable dust	0.025 mg/ m³ Respirable dust	$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{30 \text{ mg/m}^3}{\text{% SiO}_2 + 2}$ total dust $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{10 \text{ mg/m}^3}{\text{% SiO}_2 + 2}$ Respirable dust	0.05 mg/ m³ Respirable dust	
ENGINEERING CONTROLS	Use gene	Use general or local exhaust ventilation to control dust within recommended exposure limits. Refer to ACGIH publication "Industrial Ventilation" or similar publications for design of ventilation systems.				
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:	P		•			
EYE / FACE PROTECTION	Goggles to protect from dust					
SKIN PROTECTION	No special equipment is needed.					
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	Respirators fitted with filters certified to standard 42CFR84 under series N95 should be worn when dust is present. If the dust concentration is less than ten (10) times the Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) use a quarter or half-mask respirator with a N95 dust filter or a single use dust mask rated N95. If dust concentration is greater than ten (10) times and less than fifty (50) times the PEL, a full-face piece respirator fitted with replaceable N95 filters is recommended. If dust concentration is greater than fifty (50) and less than two hundred (200) times the PEL use a power air-purifying (positive pressure) respirator with a replaceable N95 filter. If dust concentration is greater than two hundred (200) times the PEL use a type C, supplied air respirator (continuous flow, positive pressure), with full face piece, hood or helmet.					
GENERAL HYGIENE	Avoid br	Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash hands after handling and before eating or drinking.				

	Emery Powder			Page 3 of 4		
SECTION 9: PHYSICAL	AND CHEMICAL PRO	PERTIES				
APPEARANCE, COLOR	Light pink to white powder	ODOR	Odor	less		
PHYSICAL STATE	Solid	ODOR THRESHOLD	Not applicable			
/APOR PRESSURE	Not applicable	VAPOR DENSITY	Not applicable			
BOILING POINT	Not applicable	MELTING POINT	> 1300° C			
LASH POINT	Not applicable	pH (10% SUSPENSION)	10			
LAMMABILITY LIMITS	Not applicable	EVAPORATION RATE	Not app	licable		
DECOMPOSITION FEMPERATURE	> 1300° C	SPEC. GRAVITY / RELATIVE DENSITY	2.3			
AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE	Not applicable	PARTITION COEFFICIENT - n- OCTANOL/WATER	Not applicable			
FLAMMABILITY (solid/gas)	Not applicable	SOLUBILITY - WATER	< 1%			
		VISCOSITY	Not app	olicable		
SECTION 10: STABILIT	Y AND REACTIVITY					
REACTIVITY	Material is not reactive.					
CHEMICAL STABILITY	Material is stable.					
POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS	Material is not reactive under normal conditions of handling unless mixed with incompatible substances below.					
CONDITIONS TO AVOID	Not applicable					
NCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS	Hydrofluoric acid and concentrated caustic solutions may react violently with the product.					
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS	Not applicable					
SECTION 11: TOXICOL	OGICAL INFORMATIO	N				
POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS						
Likely Routes of Exposure	See below					
EYE	May cause irritation (tear format	ion and redness) if dust gets in eyes.				
SKIN		may cause dryness if prolonged exposure.				
INGESTION	Ingestion of small quantities is not considered harmful, but may cause irritation of the mouth, throat and stomach.					
INHALATION	Acute inhalation can cause dryness of the nasal passage and lung congestion, coughing and general throat irritation. Acute inhalation of high concentrations of respirable crystalline silica may cause acute silicosis.					
			o lung cancer and	Llung diagona		
CHRONIC EFFECTS	This product contains crystalline (silicosis) if inhaled for prolonged breath.	e silica. Respirable crystalline silica may cause d periods. Symptoms of silicosis include whee	ering cancer and ezing, cough and	shortness of		
	(silicosis) if inhaled for prolonged breath. Flux-calcined diatomaceous ear crystalline silica (cristobalite) is	e silica. Respirable crystalline silica may cause d periods. Symptoms of silicosis include whee rth (Kieselguhr) is composed of amorphous ar classified by IARC and NTP as a known humben inhaled in a respirable form. It is not known	ezing, cough and not crystalline silic an carcinogen. C	a. Respirable systalline silica is		
	(silicosis) if inhaled for prolonged breath. Flux-calcined diatomaceous ear crystalline silica (cristobalite) is only known to cause cancer who of exposure.	d periods. Symptoms of silicosis include whee rth (Kieselguhr) is composed of amorphous ar classified by IARC and NTP as a known hum-	ezing, cough and nd crystalline silic an carcinogen. Co n to cause cancel	a. Respirable systalline silica is		
CARCINOGENICITY	(silicosis) if inhaled for prolonged breath. Flux-calcined diatomaceous ear crystalline silica (cristobalite) is only known to cause cancer who of exposure. Respirable crystalline silica (cristobalite)	d periods. Symptoms of silicosis include whee rth (Kieselguhr) is composed of amorphous ar classified by IARC and NTP as a known hum en inhaled in a respirable form. It is not known	ezing, cough and crystalline silic an carcinogen. Con to cause cancer cinogen.	a. Respirable systalline silica is		
CARCINOGENICITY	(silicosis) if inhaled for prolonged breath. Flux-calcined diatomaceous ear crystalline silica (cristobalite) is only known to cause cancer who of exposure. Respirable crystalline silica (cristobalite)	d periods. Symptoms of silicosis include whee rth (Kieselguhr) is composed of amorphous ar classified by IARC and NTP as a known huma en inhaled in a respirable form. It is not known stobalite) is classified as a known human carc	ezing, cough and crystalline silic an carcinogen. Con to cause cancer cinogen.	a. Respirable systalline silica is		

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY						
		Not available				
TERATOGENICITY, MUTAGENICITY		Not available				
SECTION 12: ECOL	OGIC	CAL INFORMATION				
ECOTOXICITY:		Diatomaceous earth products have shown some efficacy as a natural insecticide, but otherwise have no demonstrated toxicity in regards to aquatic or terrestrial life.				
PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY		Non-biodegradable, inert.				
BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENT	TAL	Little potential for bioaccumulation				
MOBILITY IN SOIL		No mobility				
OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS		None known				
SECTION 13: DISPO	SAL	CONSIDERATIONS				
WASTE DISPOSAL	sum	If this material as supplied becomes a waste, use solid waste disposal common to landfill type operations or in slurry to sumps. Not considered a hazardous waste under RCRA (4OCFR Part 261).				
PACKAGING DISPOSAL		Dispose of in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, typically solid waste disposal common to landfill type operations.				
SECTION 14: TRAN	SPO	RT INFORMATION				
BASIC SHIPPING INFORMAT	ION	(5)				
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	No special requirements or placarding necessary.					
SECTION 15: REGU	ILAT	ORY INFORMATION				
U.S. FEDERAL:						
TSCA	0.000	Diatomaceous Earth and Cristobalite appear on the EPA TSCA inventory list.				
CERCLA	Diat	Diatomaceous Earth is not classified as a hazardous substance under regulations of the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), 40 CFR 302.				
SARA TITLE III	Not	Not listed.				
California Proposition 65:	This	This product contains crystalline silica, a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.				
INTERNATIONAL:						
WHMIS Classification	Clas	Class D-2-A				
WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List	Silic	Silica, crystalline, cristobalite				
SECTION 16: OTHE	RIN	FORMATION				
		0* Health				
		4-Extreme 3-High 2-Moderate 1-Slight 0-Insignificant	0 Flammability 0 Reactivity E Protective Equi	0 Flammability		
				0 Reactivity		
				E Protective Equipment		
ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE	Nov	vember 18, 1985	1			
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REVISION DATE	Jun	e 1, 2015				

Direct remote Comptly with application of this document the foregoing information is believed to be accurate and is provided in hereby provided or intended with respect to the completeness of the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by the purchase, resale, use or exposure to our product. Customer users of silica must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations and orders, including OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard.